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U. S. Defector to Reds Turned to Marx at 15

By PRISCILLA JOHNSON North American Newspaper Alliance

MOSCOW, Nov. 26.two years now I have been waiting to do this one thing To dissolve my American citi-zenship and become a citizen of the Soviet Union." Today 20-year-old Lee Harvey Oswald of Fort Worth, 1e, is in Moscow He hopes he's close to his goal

With his suit of charcoal gray flannel, dark tie and tan cashmere sweater, Lee looks every bit like Joe College. His life hasn't been that of a typica college boy, however.

His father, an insurance salesman, died before Lee was born. Reared in Texas and Louisiana, the boy spent two years in New York during his early teens. At 17 he enlisted in the Marines.

"I did it because we were poor and I didn't want to be a burden on my mother," he says Later he spent 14 months as a licensed radar operator in the Far East.

Vows He Won Return
In September, his three-year
hitch nearly over, Lee was given the Marines. The next month he arrived in Moscow to petition the Supreme Soviet, highest legislative body in the USSR, for Soviet citizenship.

USSR, for Soviet citizenship Living in Moscow's Hotel Metropole on money he carned as a United States Marine. Lee Oswald waits for an answer. Even though Russian officials have warned him Seviet citizenship is not easy to obtain Lee already refers to the Soviet government as "my government." ernment."

"But even if I'm not accepted on no account will I go back to the United States? Lee says "I shall remain here, if necessary, as a resident alien." The only thing Soviet officials now promise is that Lee can stay on in Russia regardless of whether he becomes a citizen

Meanwhile, they're "investigating" the possibility of sending him to a Soviet higher technical instotute.

Found Answer in Marx

What brought this serious soft-spoken southern boy to Moscow? Evidently, it's a com-bination of poverty, what he considers the plight of United States Negroes, and the United States Marines.

"My mother has been a worker all her life," Lee says "She's a good example of what USSR happen Sanityzeds- Approved force ease in Moscow.

United States." He declines to States Embassy in Moscow. ciaborate.

At the age of 15. "after watching the way work ers are treated in New York and Negroes in the South, was looking for a way to



LEE HARVEY OSWALD

-AP Photo

nvironment. Then I discov-red socialist literature."

Lee was struck, in particular, y Marx's "Das Kapital." He concluded that, as an American, I would become either a worker exploited for capitalist profit. r an exploiter or, since there are many in this category, I'd e one of the unemployed."

Lee became a Marxist. Later, s a Marine Corps private in Japan and the Philippines, he 'had a chance to watch Amerian militarist imperialism in action."

A year ago, Lee began getting ready to come to Russia. Using Berlitz grammar, he taught himself to read and write Russian. Never, says Lee, a nice-looking six-footer with gray yes and brown hair, did he consider deserting the Marine Corps.

Neither Side Hasty

Does it occur to Lee that Soviet officials may be embarassed by his effort to become citizen of their country at a moment when Russia is cultivating good relations with the United States?

Russian officials, says Lee, don't encourage and don't discourage me." They warn, how-ever, that neither Lee's wish, theirs, will determine nor whether his citizenship application is accepted. They have offered Lee only the sanctuary of a prolonged stay in the

they are torn between their de-

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ire to give Lee time to think over, and their legal obligaion to hear his oath renouncing merican citizenship if he in-

Lee is bitter at United States Consul Richard Snyder, who, ne charges, stalled him when he asked to take the oath on October 31, the only time Lee has been at the Embassy. As a esult, Lee won't go back there.

Two Other Cases

Embassy officials admit they re a bit gunshy. This is their hird case of attempted defec-tion this fall. The first, Nicholas Petrulli, 38, of Valley Stream, L. I., changed his mind about defecting just before Russia refused him citizenship. Petrulli, a sheet-metal worker, had a history of mental illness. The second, Robert Edward Webster, 30, of Cleveland, an employe of the Rand Development Corp., asked for, and re-ceived, Soviet citizenship after he had spent the summer work-ing at the United States fair n Moscow's Sokolniki Park. Both Webster and Petrulli had nad marital troubles back home.

Unlike Webster and Petrulli, Lee Oswald has never been married. His age—he just turned 20 on October 18—is apparently no bar to renouncing his American citizenship. Russians come of age at 18.

As for the ordinary Russians he meets, do they seem sur-prised by Lee's desire to defect? "Well," says Lee, "they're very curious and they ask me why." Materialist Muscovites. he adds, "understand when I speak of the idealistic reasons that brought me here. They ask me many questions about the material conditions of workers in the United States.'

Regardless of any "material shortcomings" he sees while he's here, Lee insists he will never go back to the United States. "Emigration," he says, "isn't easy. I don't recommend it to everyone. It means coming to a new country, always being the outsider, always having to adjust. But to me, my reasons are strong and good. I believe

That's why Lee won't take PROPTS100149R000600160131-7 him not to defect.

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